DESCRIPTION
Orthoptic therapy is a treatment plan used to correct or improve specific dysfunctions of the vision system.

Convergence Insufficiency (CI) is a common and distinct binocular vision disorder. Common symptoms include diplopia, asthenopia (eye strain), headaches, and blurred vision usually associated with activities requiring close vision.

Convergence Excess (CE) is a sensory and neuromuscular anomaly of the binocular vision system, characterized by an excessive amount of convergence. Common symptoms include diplopia, headache, asthenopia, blurred vision, and avoidance or inability to sustain near visual tasks.

Divergence Excess (DE) is a vergence anomaly characterized by exotropia of high exophoria at distance greater than the near deviation. Patients with DE may be asymptomatic or may experience diplopia or asthenopia.

Oculomotor Dysfunction refers to difficulties in eye movements.

Accommodative Insufficiency is a condition where the patient’s amplitude of accommodation is below that expected for his or her age.

Accommodative Infacility (also called accommodative inertia) is defined as sluggishness in changing from one level of accommodation to another.

Accommodative Excess (also known as accommodative spasm) is a greater accommodative response than is considered to be normal of a given stimulus.

Symptoms common to all types of accommodative dysfunctions are reduced nearpoint activity, a general inability to sustain nearpoint visual acuity, asthenopia, excessive rubbing of the eyes, headaches, periodic blurring of distance vision after prolonged near visual activities, periodic double near vision, and excessive fatigue at the end of the day.

RELATED CPT CODES
92065  Orthoptic and/or Pleoptic training, with continuing medical evaluation

BENEFIT/COVERAGE ISSUES
Benefit will be limited to 12 sessions. No follow up exams will be covered.
DIAGNOSIS THAT MAY SUPPORT MEDICAL NECESSITY

- H50.9  Unspecified strabismus
- H51.11 – H51.12  Convergence insufficiency and spasm
- H51.8  Other specified disorders of binocular movement
- H51.9  Unspecified disorders of binocular movement
- H52.511 – H52.539  Disorders of accommodation
- H52.7  Unspecified disorder of retraction

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION
No prior authorization is required. Benefit is limited to 12 visits for the above diagnoses.

INDICATIONS FOR NURSE APPROVAL
Orthoptic therapy will only be covered for the above diagnoses.

PHYSICIAN DISCUSSION POINTS

In the first, randomized, placebo-controlled, multi-centered, clinical trial studying the treatment of children with convergence Insufficiency, orthoptics improved both signs and symptoms associated with the disorder. Pencil push-ups were not shown to be an effective means of treatment.

REASONS FOR PHYSICIAN REVIEWER DENIAL

Member does not have a covered diagnosis.

REFERENCES AND ATTACHMENTS

1. Board Certified Participating Ophthalmologist